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GUIDELINES FOR REHABILITATION FOLLOWING HIGH TIBIAL OR FEMORAL OSTEOTOMY

GENERAL GUIDELINES

- No closed kinetic chain exercises for 6 weeks.
- Rehabilitation protocol is the same for femoral or tibial osteotomy
- Rehabilitation for ACL reconstruction combined with high tibial osteotomy is dictated by the HTO protocol.
- Supervised physical therapy takes place for 3-6 months post-operatively.

GENERAL PROGRESSION OF ACTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING

Patients may begin the following activities at the dates indicated (unless otherwise specified by the physician):

- Bathing/showering without brace after suture removal.
- Sleep with brace locked in extension for 4 weeks
- Driving at 6 weeks post-op
- Brace locked in extension for 4 weeks for ambulation.
- Use of crutches continued for 6-8 weeks post-op.
- Weightbearing as tolerated with brace locked in extension for first 4 weeks.

REHABILITATION PROGRESSION

The following is a general guideline for progression of the rehabilitation program following femoral or tibial osteotomy. Progression through each phase should take into consideration patient status (e.g. healing, function) and physician advisement. Please consult the attending physician if there is any *uncertainty regarding* advancement of a patient to the next phase of rehabilitation.

CHASE I

Begins immediately post-op through approximately 4 weeks.

Goals:

- Protect fixation and surrounding soft tissue
- Control inflammatory process

- Minimize the adverse effects of immobilization through CPM and heel slides from 0-90° of knee flexion
- Full knee extension and 90° of flexion
- Patient education regarding rehabilitation process

Brace:

0 - 4 weeks: Locked in full extension for all activities except therapeutic exercises and CPM use
 Locked in full extension for sleeping

Weightbearing Status:

0 - 4 weeks: As tolerated with two crutches

Therapeutic Exercises:

- Quad sets
- Ankle pumps
- Heel slides from 0-90° of flexion
- CPM for 2 hours, twice daily, from 0-90° of flexion
- Non-weightbearing calf, hamstring stretches
- SLR in four planes with brace locked in full extension
- Resisted plantarflexion with theraband

PHASE II

Begins approximately 4 weeks post-op and extends to approximately 6 weeks post-op

Criteria for advancement to Phase II:

- Good quad set
- Approximately 90° of flexion
- No signs of active inflammation

Goals:

- Increase range of flexion
- Avoid overstressing fixation
- Increase quadriceps strength

Brace:

4 - 6 weeks: Brace unlocked for ambulation

Weightbearing Status:

4 - 6 weeks: As tolerated with two crutches

Therapeutic Exercises:

- Continue exercises as noted above, progress towards full flexion
- Discontinue CPM if knee flexion is at least 90°
- Initiate aquatic therapy with emphasis on normalization of gait pattern
- Remove brace for SLR exercises, must be able to maintain full extension
- Initiate stationary bike, low resistance

PHASE III

Begins approximately 6 weeks post-op and extends through approximately 3 months.

Criteria for advancement to Phase III:

- Good quadriceps tone and no extension lag with SLR
- Full extension
- Flexion 90-100°

Brace:

Discontinue brace at 6 weeks post-op as allowed by physician

Weightbearing Status:

May discontinue use of crutches if the following criteria are met:

- No extension lag with SLR
- Full extension
- Nonantalgic gait pattern (may use one crutch or cane until gait is normalized)

Therapeutic Exercises:

- Mini-squats 0-45°, progressing to step-ups

- 4-way hip for flexion, extension, adduction, abduction
- Stationary bike, add moderate resistance
- Leg press 0-60° of flexion
- Closed kinetic chain terminal knee extension with resistive tubing or weight machine
- Toe raises
- Balance exercises (e.g. single-leg standing, KAT)
- Hamstring curls

PHASE IV

Begins approximately 3 months post-op and extends through approximately 9 months.

Criteria for advancement to Phase IV:

- Good to normal quadriceps strength
- No soft tissue complaints
- Normal gait pattern
- Clearance from physician to begin more concentrated closed kinetic chain exercises, and resume full or partial activity.

Goals:

- Continue improvements in quadriceps strength
- Improve functional strength and proprioception
- Return to modified activity level

Therapeutic Exercises:

- Progression of closed kinetic chain activities
- Treadmill walking
- Swimming
- Jogging in pool with wet vest or belt
- Sport-specific activities or work hardening as appropriate