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Arthroscopic Rotator Cuff Repair Protocol Medium to Large Tear Size

This protocol was developed to provide the rehabilitation professional with a guideline of postoperative rehabilitation course for a patient who has undergone an arthroscopic <u>medium to large</u> size rotator cuff tear repair. It should be stressed that this is only a protocol and should not be a substitute for clinical decision making regarding a patients progression. Actual progression should be individualized based upon your patient's physical examination, individual progress and the presence of any postoperative complications.

The rate limiting factor in arthroscopic rotator cuff repair is the biologic healing of the cuff tendon to the humerus, which is thought to be a minimum of 8-12 weeks.

Progression of AROM against gravity and duration of sling use is predicated both on the size of tear and quality of tissue and should be guided by referring physician. Refer to initial therapy referral for any specific instructions.

Phase I: Immediate Post Surgical Phase (Weeks 0-6) Goals

Maintain/protect integrity of repair

Gradually increase PROM

Diminish pain and inflammation

Prevent muscular inhibition

Independence in modified ADLs

Precautions

No active range of motion (AROM) of shoulder

No lifting of objects, reaching behind back, excessive stretching or sudden movements

Maintain arm in brace, sling – remove only for exercise

Sling use for 6 weeks – medium to large tear size

No support of body weight by hands

Keep incisions clean and dry

Day 1 to 6

Use of Abduction brace/sling (during sleep also) – remove only for exercise

Passive pendulum exercises (3x/day minimum)

Finger, wrist, and elbow AROM (3x/day minimum)

Gripping exercises (putty, handball)

Cervical spine AROM

Passive shoulder (PROM) done supine for more patient relaxation

Flexion to 110°

ER/IR in scapular plane < 30°

Educate patient on posture, joint protection, importance of brace/sling, pain medication use early, hygiene Cryotherapy for pain and inflammation

Day 1-3: as much as possible (20 min/hour)

Day 4-7: post activity, or as needed for pain

Days 7-42

Continue use of abduction sling/brace until the end of week 6.

Pendulum exercises

Begin PROM to tolerance (supine, and pain-free)

May use heat prior to ROM

Flexion to tolerance

ER in scapular plane >/= 30°

IR in scapular plane to body/chest

Gentle scapular plane abduction: begin 0-30° and progress to 0-90° by end of week 7.

Continue elbow, hand, forearm, wrist and finger AROM

Begin resisted isometrics/isotonics for elbow, hand, forearm, wrist and fingers

Begin scapula muscle isometrics/sets, AROM

Cryotherapy as needed for pain control and inflammation

May begin gentle general conditioning program (walking, stationary bike) with caution if unstable from pain medications

No running/jogging

No passive pulley exercise

Aquatherapy may begin approximately 6 weeks post operative if wounds healed

Criteria for progression to next phase (II)

Passive forward flexion to >/= 125°

Passive ER in scapular plane to $>/= 60^{\circ}$ (if uninvolved shoulder PROM $> 80^{\circ}$)

Passive IR in scapular plane to $>/= 60^{\circ}$ (if uninvolved shoulder PROM $> 80^{\circ}$)

Passive abduction in scapular plane to >/= 90°

Phase II: Protection and Protected Active Motion Phase (Weeks 7 to 12) Goals

Allow healing of soft tissue

Do not overstress healing soft tissue

Gradually restore full passive ROM (~ week 8)

Decrease pain and inflammation

Precautions

No lifting

No supported full body weight with hands or arms

No sudden jerking motions

No excessive behind back motions

No bike or upper extremity ergometer until week 8

Weeks 7-9

Continue with full time use of sling/brace until end of week 6

Gradually wean from brace starting several hours/day out progressing as tolerated

Use brace sling for comfort only until full DC by end of week 7

Initiate AAROM shoulder flexion from supine position week 6-7

Progressive PROM until full PROM by week 8 (should be pain-free)

May require use of heat prior to ROM exercises/joint mobilization

Can begin passive pulley use

May require gentle glenohumeral or scapular joint mobilization as indicated to obtain full unrestricted ROM

Initiate prone rowing to a neutral arm position

Continue cryotherapy as needed post therapy/exercise

Weeks 9-12

Continue AROM, AAROM, and stretching as needed

Begin IR stretching, shoulder extension, and cross body, sleeper stretch to mobilize posterior capsule (if needed)

Begin gentle rotator cuff submaximal isometrics (7-8 weeks)

Begin glenohumeral submaximal rhythmic stabilization exercises in "balance position (90-100° of elevation) in supine position to initiate dynamic stabilization

Continue periscapular exercises progressing to manual resistance to all planes

Seated press-ups

Initiate AROM exercises (flexion, scapular plane, abduction, ER, IR) (should be pain-free) low weight – initially only weight of arm

Do not allow shrug during AROM exercises

If shrug exists continue to work on cuff and do not reach/lift AROM over 90° elevation

Initiate limited strengthening program

*Remember RTC and scapular muscles small and need endurance more than pure strength

ER and IR with exercise bands/sport cord/tubing

ER isotonic exercises in side lying (low-weight, high-repetition) may simply start with weight of arm

Elbow flexion and extension isotonics

Criteria for progression to Phase III

Full AROM

Phase III: Early Strengthening (Weeks 12-18) Goals

Full AROM (weeks 12-14)

Maintain full PROM

Dynamic shoulder stability (GH and ST)

Gradual restoration of GH and scapular strength, power and endurance

Optimize neuromuscular control

Gradual return to functional activities

Precautions

No lifting objects > 5 lbs, no sudden lifting or pushing

Exercise should not be painful

Week 12

Continue stretching, joint mobilization, and PROM exercises as needed

Dynamic strengthening exercises

Initiate strengthening program

Continue exercises as above weeks 7-12

Scapular plane elevation to 90° (patient must be able to elevate arm without shoulder or scapular hiking before initiating isotonic exercises. If unable then continue cuff/scapular exercises)

Full can (no empty can abduction exercises)

Prone rowing

Prone extension

Prone horizontal abduction

Week 14

Continue all exercise listed above

May begin BodyBlade, Flexbar, Boing below 45°

Begin light isometrics in 90/90 or higher supine, PNF D2 flexion/extension patterns against light manual resistance

Initiate light functional activities as tolerated

Week 16

Continue all exercises listed above

Progress to fundamental exercises (bench press, shoulder press)

Initiate low level plyometrics (2-handed, below chest level – progressing to overhead and finally 1-handed drills)

Criteria for progression to Phase IV

Ability to tolerate progression to low-level functional activities

Demonstrate return of strength/dynamic shoulder stability

Reestablishment of dynamic shoulder stability

Demonstrated adequate strength and dynamic stability for progression to more demanding work and sport-specific activities

Phase IV: Advanced Strengthening Phases (Weeks 18-24) Goals

Maintain full non-painful AROM

Advanced conditioning exercise for enhanced functional and sports specific use

Improve muscular strength, power and endurance

Gradual return to all functional activities

Week 18

Continue ROM and self-capsular stretching for ROM maintenance

Continue progressive strengthening

Advanced proprioceptive, neuromuscular activities

Light isotonic strengthening in 90/90 position

Initiation of light sports (golf chipping/putting, tennis ground strokes) if satisfactory clinical exam

Week 24

Continue strengthening and stretching

Continue joint mobilization and stretching if motion is tight

Initiate interval sports program (eg, golf, doubles tennis) if appropriate